## **VIRGINIANS** IN CONGRESS

Daniel and Rixey Unable to Attend the George Washington Celebration in Alexandria.

### TOO MUCH MONEY FOR NAVY

Rixey Delighted With His Visit to Richmond and the Effect of Speech to Veterans.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—Senator
Martin and Representative Swanson went
to Alexandria to-day to attend the Washington day celebration. Senator Daniel
wanted to attend, but he did not reach
the city this morning until nearly noon
on his return from Berryville, whither is
yount to attend the funeral of Mr. Daniel
Cabell. his kinsman. Representative Caball, his kinsman. Representative Rixey was greatly disappointed at beilg unable to be present, but he had to be at the session of the House of Representatives to-day, as the naval appropriation bill was under discussion, and he is the senior Democratic member of the Naval Compilies. Committee.

bill, which, he thinks, carries too much money for the navy, when appropriations are so much needed for improvements at

Mr. Rixey is delighted with his visit to Richmond, not only because of the cour-tesies shown him, but also with the cf-fect which the address on his bill allow-ing the various Southern States compenrect which the address on his above the various Southern States compensation for Confederate veterans provided for In Soldiers' Home, had upon the members of the Lee Camp of Confederate veterans. Mr. Rixey has all along said that when the members of the camp understood the nature of the bill they would not oppose it, and he said to-day that he believed the camp would have endorsed the bill had a resolution to that purpose been submitted to vote after the addresses Friday night. "I did not discuss the bill but very little with immates of the Soldiers' Home when I wert out there," he said, "an\_did not even have a copy of it with me."

Mr. Rixey thinks there are excellent prospects of the passage of the bill at the next session of Congress.

HUNTON ENDORSES BILL.

HUNTON ENDORSES BILL.

Mr. Rixey has received since his return to Washington, a letter from General Eppa Hunton, warmly endorsing the bill, and saying that but for the inclement weather of last Friday night he would have been present at the meeting

would have been present at the meeting of the camp and have expressed himself favorable to it.

Representative Maynard said to-day that he had received information which ted him to believe that one of the scoutships, which are provided for by the pending naval bill, will be built at Norfolk. The bill provides for the construction of two vessels of this type, at a cost of a million dollars each. Mr. Maynard has been very active in his effort to induce the Secretary of the Navy to have one of the vessels built at the Norfolk yard, and he believes he will be successful. Several of the Ropublican members of the Naval Committee have told him they wanted to see the government construct one of the ee the government construct one of th ships at Norfolk, and other influentia on the Republican side have like-

men on the Republican side have like-wise indicated their desire to have the vessel built by the government and at the Norfolk yard.

Mr. Maynard is endeavoring to have an item placed in the urgent deficiency bill in the Senate providing for the defiofency in the steam engineering department at the Norfolk navy yard. Owing to the lack of funds the department is now running on reduced time. He thinks he will be able to secure the appropria-

Governor Montague came to Washing ton Saturday night, and spent Sunday here. He went over to Alexandria to-day. SHOT AT FITZ LEE.

General Fitzhugh Lee was also here yesterday, and he, too, went to Alexandria to-day to be in Washington's home town on the 22d of February. While General Lee was here a week or two ago he and James Jonkins, of Wisconsin. he and James Jonkins, of Wisconsin. chaîrman of the Committee on Judiciary, met in the committee room of the latter one day recently, and Mr. Jenkins, who-served nearly four years in the war be-tween the States as a private in Com-pany A, Sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, at once turned the conversation upon the

This is the second time I have ever

"This is the second time I have ever seen you, General," remarked Mr. Jonkins.
"I beg your pardon," remarked General Lee, "but I do not recall that we ever met before."
"We didn't exactly meet," replied Mr. Jenkins with a smile. "It was at the battle of Brandy Station, in August, 1863. Do you remember riding along the bank of a creek there, I have forgotten its name—"

"Cedar Creek," interrupted General

"Cedar Creek," interrupted General Lee.

"Cedar Creek," went on Mr. Jenkins.

"You were riding along the bank of the creek, at the head of several regiments of calvary. My command was in the shelter of the woods, not very far away. Several men near me, who had seen you, spoke of you as Fitz. Lee. You wore a black plume in your hat. We had not been ordered to fire, but I raised my piece, and took the best aim at you I could. When I builed the trigger I expected to see you fall from your horse, but you did not, and a minute later your command was charging the woods. I was very sorry I missed then, but am very giad now."

gind now."
"You wouldn't have been a good soldier if you hadn't been sorry then," said General Lee, laughingly.
"Or gind now," replied Mr. Jenkins, and the two old soldiers went down to luncheon together.

WHY FITZ, LEE SAVED HIM.

KT FOOD DOES ME NO GOOD Oh, If I Could Only Eat Without After Regrets.

Why are These Questions Asked By So Many People?

A Piece of News for Those Who Have Weak Stomachs.

The stomach, liver and bowels cause more trouble than any other part of the body. There are thousands of persons whose food don't do them the good it should. They have bad taste in mouth, coated tongue, constipation, gas in stomach, fullness or distress ofter meals, bloating and belching of wind. They often have headache, are weak and nervour, have sallow complexions and can't sleep. Mr. C. S. Jones, corner Sixth Street and Ninth Avenue, Roanoke, Va., says:



"If feel it my duty to praise Dr. Greene's Norvura blood and nerve remedy for the good it has done me. I had been suffering with indigestion to ton years, and had used every remedy that I cauld hear of for it, but nothing did me any good. I got so I could not sleep at right for the awful pains all over me hat I could hardly stand it, and the stand was swollen and so got hat I could hardly stand it, and the stand was swollen and so got hat I could hardly stand it, and the stand that sometimes I was so short of breath that sometimes I was so short of smother to death. I had a cough that was very bad. I had almost given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest given up my case as one that could nest me to a good medicine, and I have Nervura blood and nerve remedy. And can recommend it higher than all other medicines. Now I feel as if new life had come back to me, and I can sleep soundy all night and enjoy myself everywhere I got I can do work that I never have done before. I am a car builder for line, if I can do anything in Dr. Greene's behalf I will do it. My advice to all will be to use this grand medicine, or Greene's Nervura blood and nervo remedy, and you will get try a bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nervo remedy, and you will get well. It always cures. Doctors recommend it because it makes persul specialist in curing nervous and chavene, New York city, where he can be consulted free, personally or by lottor.

to the Jamestown Exposition."
Representative Tawney is one of the ablest young Republicans, is chairman of the Committee on Expositions, and has pledged his cordial support to the Exposition bill.

position bill.

Mr. Malcolm Coles, of Richmond, called on the President to-day in company with Representative Siemp. Mr. Coles is an applicant for an assistant attorneyship in the Department of Justice, and it was with reference to that that he talked with the President. he President.

Roosevelt did not say he would rive him the position, but it is rather inderstood that he will give Coles "some-thing equally as good."

## REGRETS DECISION.

State Department Regards It as Putting Premium on Violence. (By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.—A prominent official of the State Department, when shown the press dispatch relative to the decision in the Venezuelan arbitration, stated that while the department regretted exceedingly the precedent, which The Hague tribunal had made in this case, there was nothing for the United States to do but accept the result philosophically, as binding international law. What the government distings was to admit the principle that by a mere show of naval force a creditor nation can secure precedence in the payment of debt over any nation which does ment of debt over any nation which does not show such force. It is regarded as a premium on violance and as tend-ing to discourage nations which are dis-pused to settle their claims by the pecco-ful methods of diplomacy.

## NAVAL BILL MEETS WITH OPPOSITION

( Continued From First Page.)

that government buildings could not be constructed. He said when a country goes "world powering" it must go about with a chip on its shoulder and be pre-

with a chip on its shoulder and be prepared.

Mr. Burton said his remarks were not to be construed to mean ...at work should be brought to a standstill on ships under construction, or that the navy should not be maintained, but what he did mean was that there should be a great modification of the bill (applause on the Democratic side).

Mr. Burton said no river and harbor bill was being reported, because there to be expended on river and harbor work, was now \$38,000,000 lying in the treasury Mr. Grosvenor said the sundry civil bill would carry \$10.545,883 for public buildings.

why firz, Lee Baved Him.

On the same day as that on which General Lee met Representative Jenkins for the first time he also met Representative Tawney, of Minnesota. In the course of the conversation, which took place at a dinner at the Ruleigh, at which General Lee was one of the guests. Mr. Tawney, who is hardly on the shady side of fifty, remarked that he was at the battle of Gettysburg, which greatly surprised General Lee, until the Minnesota representative explained that his parents were citzens of the town of Gettysburg at the time of the battle, and that he was only six years of age at the time. General Lee was at the battle, and from what Mr. Tawney could renember, he was led to believe that a portion of General Lee's command charged along the street in front of the Tawney home. General Lee described the charge somewhat in detail.

"When the charge was made," said Mr. Tawney, 'I was up in the attic window, waving a United States flag, and hoping we would whip you."

"I remember you nerfectly well." said the General. "and I ordered my men not to shoot you, as I knew you were going to grow up to be a member of Congress, and I wanted to save you to vote for the course of the party to which to be leveral and I wanted to save you to vote for the course of the successful and be transferred to have said at a recent banquet in New York that he viewed with apprehension of the senator from Mary in the first the charge along the street in front of the frawney home. General Lee described the charge somewhat in detail.

"Yhen the charge was made," said that the secretary remembers that the two political parties will meet in a few months to nominate their candidates, and that with his prophetic eye he sees that the secretary to the party to which to belong and that with his prophetic eye he sees that the secretary to the party to which the party to

a position where he can shape, to some extent, the policy of the country.

He said he was willing to accept the statement of the senator from Maryland as giving the position of the Democratic party, on the question of the navy. He said that contracts for armor plate had recontly been let to the Carnegle and Bethlehem Companies at a cost of \$55 a ton fir excess of that paid the Midvals Company, the only other competitor, and charged that it had been shown by the evidence of Admiral O'Nelli that these two companies have an agreement, and are in combination.

Freeding Trusts.

Feeding Trusts.

Feeding Trusts.

He asked why money should be appropriated for the prosecution of trusts, when in Pennsylvania there is a combination to control prices. He referred to this as the statement of the attorney-general. Why has not the attorney-general instituted some proceeding against the Carnegio and Bethiehem companies? he asked declaring that the government, instead of starving trusts, is feeding them and that instead of prosecuting them is rewarding them. He said he would propose an amendment to the bill limiting the price to be paid for armor to that paid the Midvale company, or \$55 a ton less than the price fixed by the other two companies.

W. W. Kitchin (North Carolina) endeavoyed to have eliminated from the bill the provision for the purchase of land for a coaling station at Guantanamo, raising a point of order against it. Speaking generally upon the subject of the navy, Mr. Kitchin said he did ont believe in getting stampeded and running wild. Guantanamo will ultimately cost \$12,000.

The chair overruled the point of order, The chair overruled the point of order,

abreast of the growing needs of the country.

The chair overruled the point of order, and Mr. Kitchin appealed from the decision, but the chair was sustained by a vote of 87 to 51.

Consideration of the naval bill was pending when the House adjourned.

The first incident of the day was an offort by Mr. Williams, the minority leader, to secure an adjournment on account of the anniversary of Washington's birthday. His various, motions looking to this end, were voted down.

### THE SENATE.

Mr. Hoar Complains of Criticism of His Utterances.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 22.-The feature of to-day's session of the Senate next to the last day for the consideration of the Panama Canal treaty, was characterized by a speech from Mr. Hoar in explanation of his former speech on the sthmian canal situation. He complained of the criticisms made of his utterances at that time, saying that he bad been misunderstood and misrepresented, and contended that his intention on that oceasion had been to secure full information concerning the Panama revolt, and

tion concerning the Panama revolt, and not to cast reflections upon the President. On the contrary, he had the highest regard for that official and intended to vote for the treaty.

Mr. Foraker was mentioned, among others, who had criticised the first speech and after Mr. Hoar had concluded the Ohlo senator responded, contending that he had not meant to unjustly reflect upon Mr. Hoar, but at the same time attempting to justify his remarks by quoting from Mr. Hoar's original speech Mr. Hour replied, accusing Mr. Foraker not only with having misrepresented him on the first occasion, but with misrepresenting him to-day. The result was a sharp collection of the two senators did not appear to have approached any did not appear to have approached any nearer to an understanding than at the beginning.

No Dishonor.

Mr. Hoar accepted the President's disclaimer of policy on the part of the United States in the Panama revoit. He said the Independence of Panama is an accomplished fact, and all the Senate had to do was to deal with the treaty

had to do was to deal with the treaty on its merits.

Repeating his intertion of supporting the treaty, Mr. Hoar said he believed the ratification would be accomplished without any taint of national dishonor, and he experienced the satisfaction of feeling that he had done something to put the transaction or that level.

When the controversy between Messrs. Hoar and Foraker had been concluded Mr. Carmack took the floor. He said he had no desire to participate in "the laundry work going on on the other side," but that he wanted to speak on another branch of the canal question. His remarks constituted a severe arritigment of Minister Bunau-Varilla, and included a review of his connection with the Parsel. of Minister Bunau-Varilla, and necessive a review of his connection with the Panama Company, based on official French documents, which he quoted. His accusation was that Bunau-Varilla had lean associated with Baron De Reinach in his accusant with the stockholders of the old dealings with the stockholders of the old canal company. He charged that the present minister had taken advantage of the situation to wreck the enterprise for the purpose of enriching himself and he added that "the irony of fate was illus-trated in the circumstance that while De Reinach had committed suicide Bunat-Varilla had been sent as a minister to the United States.

No Title.

Mr. Cormack declared that the Panama Canal Company had no title to the canal Canal Company had no title to the canal right of way. He said he had heard that Attorney Cromwell was to have \$2,000,000 for his part in the transaction.

Mr. Cullom followed with a carefully prepared address in support of the treaty. He quoted official papers to show that newther the United States nor Colombia could have been surprised at the secession of Papama, and urged that the American administration being thus warned, could not have done less than be prepared for it, It had been definitely determined that no official of the United States had any part in the isthmian revolt.

Mr. Culberson called up and withdrew Mr. Culberson called up and withdrew his resolution directing the Committee on the Judicary to investigate the constitutional right of Panama to secode and form a government. Before withdrawing the resolution, Mr. Culberson briefly discussed its jurport, saying that any one who justified Panama's seression must justify the secession of the Southern States in 1801. The Senate adjourned with 11 o'clock to-morrow. until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

Dr. Taber Entertains.

Dr. Taber Entertains,
Dr. George A. Tater, No. 105 West
Gage Street, entertained, Dr. John T.
Hynnner, vice-president of the Leland
Sanford Jr., University, last night, Dr.
Tahtr knew Dr. Branner in California
and has a son, Mr. St phen Taber, now a
student u der Dr. Branner at the Stanford, Other gratiemen present were Pr.s.
ident F, W. Boatwright and Professor S.
C. Milchell, of Richmond College, Mr.
J hn P, Crowell, of Syrause, N. Y.; Mr.
D. R. Wilson, Dr. H. S. McLean, Dr.
it S. Carrey and Mr. Charles Branner,
prother of the detinguished guest of
hernoi from the Paulic coast.
Dr. and Mrs. Taber were delightful
nosts, as usual, and the well known
ger themon greatly only a DAM.

# SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

Patriotic Organizations Representing Whole State Hold Notable Sessions.

HENRY'S BURNING WORDS

Keeper Graffigna, of St. John's Church, Repeats Great Orator's Address.

The Sons of the Revolution of Virginia held their annual meeting at the Westmoreland Club last night, with a large attendance, a sumptuous banquet, and much post-prandial eloquence.

Dr. George Ben Johnston, president was the tonstmaster and called on many of those present for addresses. All who spoke gave utterance to the most patriotic sentiments. One of the chief speeches of the evening was that of Mr. John Pendleton Kennedy, State librarian, who addressed the company on "Virginia Revo-lutionary Records." Following this able presentation of the subject, a resolution was adopted requesting the State's representatives in Congress to ascertain the character of the Virginia records in the War Department at Washington, and if it would be practicable to copy them with a view to publication,

A resolution was also adopted setting apart \$25 in gold, to be given to the student in Virginia who wrote the best essay on some subject of an historical character. . The conditions, however, are to be announced later.

Elected Officers.

When the business session was con cluded the following officers were elected: President, Dr. George Ben Johnston, First Vice-President, Colonel Francis E. Smith; Second Vice-President, Colonel W. Gordon McCabe; Secretary, Dr. Charles R. Robins; Treasurer, Mr. W. Chase R. Robins; Treasurer, Mr. W. Chase Morton; Registrar, Judge R. T. W. Duke, Jr., Charlottesville; Chaplain, Rt. Rev. A. M. Randolph; Executive Board—Dr. George Ben., Johrston, Messrs, R. L. Williams, R. F. Williams, Ashton Starke, W. Chase Morton, J. R. V. Daniel, T. M. R. Talcott, C. R. Robins and W. Gordon McCabe, Greetings were exchanged with the Virginia Society, Sons of the American Revolution, in session at the Virginia Club at the same time.

at the same time

Heard Henry's Words.

The Sons of the American Revolution, meeting at the Virginia Club, had a thoroughly delightful evening. The members went first to St. John's Church, very near the Virginia Club, where the meeting was to be held, and took seats in the church, which was opened especially for them. Mr. Oriffigna, the keeper of the grounds, standing in the pew in which Patrick Henry stood when he delivered his famous speech, ending with the immortal words, "Give me liberty or give me death." repeated much of the address which had stirred the hearts of all that historic assemblage one hundred and twenty-nine years ago.

The company, repairing to the club house, was soon seated at a table heavily laden with choice viands.

A great deal of oratory followed the dinner. Judge L. L. Lewis, president, was the toastmaster. Mr. J. S. Moore read a, paper of historic interest, and among others responding to patriotic sentiments were Congressman John Lamb, Dr. Benjamin Blake Minor, Dr. George Ross, Dr. C. W. P. Brock, Mr. Charles Evelyn Smith, General Charles J. Anderson, Mr. Arthur B. Clarke and Mr. Paul H. Carter.

The society adjourned without electing officers, postponing that and other business until the next meeting.

Party at Jefferson Club. Heard Henry's Words.

ness until the next meeting.

Party at Jefferson Club.
One of the most enjoyable entertainments of the holiday yesterday was the progressive whist party given in the ball room of the Jefferson Club. The assemblage was one of the largest ever seen in the city on a similar occasion. There were thirty-five tables, or one hundred and forty players.

The decorations, colonial in design, were exceedingly handsome and tastefully arranged.

Tabler knew Dr. Branner in California and has a son, Mr. Stephen Taber, now a sindert u der Dr. Branner at the Stanford. Other grutiemen present were Pr. s. ident F. W. Boatwright and Professor S. C. Michell. of Richmond Collega; Mr. J. In P. Growell, of Syra u.e. N. Y.; Mr. D. R. Wilson, Dr. H. S. McLean, Dr. H. S. Carey and Mr. Charles Branner, brother of the distinguished guest of henoi from the Paulie coast.

1 Dr. and Mrs. Taber were delightful horsts, as usual, and the well known get themon greatly enjoyed themselves.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON Feb. 22—Sir Lesile Stephen, president of the Ethical Society, is dead.

He was born in 1832. ranged.
The first ladies' prize was won by

# BEST GROCERIES REPUBLICAN EACTIONS

Congressman Slemp and the Lily Whites Probably Beaten by the Agnew Wing.

SIPE AND ANGELL LOSE

The Slemp Faction Urged Them for Delegates at Large and State Chairman.

The Republicans of the city of Richmord will hold ward meetings at places mend will hold ward meetings at places not designated on Thursday night for the purpose of cleeting two delegates from each to the city convention, to be held on the following night at Smithdeal Hall, on Broad Street. The city convention will, in turn, choose fourteen delegates to the State convention, to be held in Norfolk on March 3d and also delegates to the district convention at West Point, or March 1st, one week from to-day. The district convention will West Point, of March 1st, one west found to day. The district convention will select five members of the State committee of the party. The State convention will choose four delegates at large to the Chicago convention, to be held in June. Slemp Forces Routed.

Slemp Forces Routed.

Nearly all the cities and counties have chosen delegates to the State convention, and wherever they have been chosen the Agnew, or organization, faction has generally won out easily. Only in the far Scuthwest have the Slemp forces, achieved any success. In Rockingham and Augusta, and in various other sections, where the Ropublicans are numerous, the Agnew element has won handsomely. There seems to be no doubt that this wing of the party, which embraces nearly all the office-holders, will dominate the convention, and they may elect whom they please as delegates to Chicago. It is questionable, however, whether it will be good party policy to altogether ignore the minority faction. Presuming that the congressional districts will have the opportunity to recommend their delegates to the national convention, Congressman Slemp and his faction will certainly be represented.

Agnew and Allen Likely.

Agnew and Allen Likely. Agnew and Alien Likely.

It seems to be practically settled that the Southwest congressman will have to be content with a place as district delogate, for the two positions as delegatesit-large from the western half of the State will almost certainly go to Internal Revenue Collector Agnew, of Alexandria, and Marshal S, Brown Allen, of Stauntor.

The opponents of the organization will urge ex-Delegate Robert H. Angell, of Roanoke, for State chairman, but they will hardly be sufficiently numerous to the more than compliment Mr. Angell, of

Roanoke city, with a few-votes Judge Lewis Is Favored. Who the two delegates-at-large from the eastern district will be is not yel settled, or certainly not admitted. If agreed upon. It is a foregone conclusion that organization men only will be considered. While there are many who would like to see District Attornay L. L. Lewis made a delegate-at-large, it is by the means certain that he would accomp no means certain that he would accept the post if tendered him without solicita-

the post if tendered him without solicitation. Ex-Congressman R. T. Thorp, now of Norfolk, will almost certainly be one and ex-Congressman George E. Bowden with he the ather. If he desired.

Among those mentioned for delegates from the various districts are Revenuo Collector Rogers and General Stith Bolling, of Petersburg, for the Fourth; and Marshal Morgan Treat and Postmaster Knight for the Third. These two gentlemen are not exactly in the same factlemen are not exactly in the same fuc-tion, since the last division and it may e that one or the other will fall of be

In Other Districts.

In Other Districts.

For the second district, there are Mr. Thorp, Mr. Alvah H. Martin, of Norfolk county; Postmaster Fred Read, of Newport News; Customs Collector R. G. Banks, of Norfolk, and many others. Among the well-known First district Republicans who may be chosen are Deputy Marshal N. A. Coles, and Postmaster J. M. Griffin, of Fredericksburg. In the sixth district, Postmaster J. M. McLaughlin, District Attorney Thomas Lea Moore, Mr. S. H. Hoge, Detegrac C. A. Heermans and ex-Delegate R. H. Angell may be mentioned as among the available men. Ex-Delegate George E. Sipe, though beaten for delegate-at-large, will probably be urged for a Seventh district sent, Other well known Republicans in the district embrace, General T. L. Rogers, Mr. R. J. Walker, R. E. Griffitj and D. S. Lewis.

Other Prominent Republicans. Among those in the Eighth district, prominent in the party councils, are Messrs. Joseph L. Crupper, of Alexandria, and M. K. Lowry, of King George. In the Fifth district Postmaster C. T. Barksdalo is very apt to be in the running if the cares to go, but there are many other prominent Republicans in the district who may be chosen, among them being Hon. B. A. Davis, of Franklin, Dr. C. P. Smith, of Henry; J. H. Pigg. of Pittsylvania; State Semator Greear, of Grayson; Senator Turner and Dologate Thomson, of Floyd, and others. In the Ninth district there is an abundance of material, from which to choose. Hon. R. W. Biair, of Wythe, will probably be in the fight, and Congressman Slemp may have to be content with a district delegate's seat. State Senator Noel, of Lee, is a rising man in the party, and promises to be better known in a few years. In the Tenth district Messrs, R. A. Fulwiller, John A. Noon, Heber Ker, Hon. Jacob Yost, Colonel James Lyons, Senator Georgo A. Revercomb and a host of others are mentioned.

Agnew Chairman Again. Among those in the Eighth district,

and a host of others are mentioned.

Agnew Chairman Again.

The Norfolk Convention will consist of about 700 delegates. No names have been heard mentioned yet in connection with the position of temporary, nor of that of permanent, chairman. These honors will probably go to some of the ambittous young men of the party. State Chairman Agnew's re-election to that position is assured, unless he decline re-election, and there is no probability of that.

that.

The new Republican paper, to be started at Roanoke in March, and to be known as the Virginia Dally Press, promses to wield considerable power, not only in that section, but throughout the State. It is dominated and controlled by the militant wing of the party.

# UBLICAN THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY FACTIONS TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT



Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Times-Dispatch May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention-but your kidneys most because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health, A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder reinedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful oures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 COTTAGE ST. MELROSE, MASS. Dear Sir:

"Ever since I was in the Army I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much slarmed—my strength and power was fast leaving me. I saw one asking for advice, I began the use of the medicile and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root in the analysis of the medicile and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root in the analysis of the medicile and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harnful druss. Thanking you for my complete receivery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers, I aim. Very truly yours.

"I. C. RICHARDSON."

You may have a sample bottle of this

Sufferers, I am. Very truly yours,
"I. C. RICHARDSON."

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its vitues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, being obliged EDITORIAL NOTE.—So successful to Swamp-Root, and the address, Binglianton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—So successful is Swamp-Root in promptly curing even the most distressing cases of kidney, liver or bladden troubles, that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Richmond Daily Times-Disputch. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

## LOST THEIR LIVES

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Two men were (By Assuciated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Two men were lost by the steamer York Castle, which arrived to-day from Delgoa Bay, in an attempt to give aid yesterday to the American schooner Willie L. Newton, about 20 miles southeast of Sandy Hook. The Newton was lumber-laden from Brunswick, Ga., for New York, and had lost her rudder head. The steamer tried to launch a lifeboat, in charge of Chief Officer Alexander Turner, with four men. The fails became jammed, and as the ship was rolling violently, the five men were thrown into the sea. After considerable difficulty three of the men were rescued but Turner and Carpenier Gray were lost. Seeing that the schooner made no effort to launch her boats, which were intended to the year of the schooner willing the steamer Micmac, which arrived to-day from Huelva, brought into port seven shipwrecked scamen, the captain and crew of the schooner Willie L. Newton, which they abar-oned at sea in latitude thirty-seven degrees, thirty minutes, longitude seventy-two degrees, eight minutes. The Micmae sight of the steamer York Castle abandoned the attempt to rescue the crew of the wrecked vessel.

Mainly About People.

Mr. E. M. Whitlock, of No. 200 Washington Street, who has been suffering from an injured foot, is slowly improving. It is expected, though it is not certain, that at the meeting of the board of directors of the ponitentiary to-day, a surgeon for the farm will be elected to full the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. Taylor. Dr. Taylor.

## SCHOOLTEACHER'S AIM WAS GOOD

disease is yet in its incipient stage, and his friends are honeful that a more serious illness may be averted.

Major Cheatwood has been connected with the Blues for many years, and was for a long time captain of one of the companies. He succeeded Major Sol. Cutchins as commander of the battalion. At Ronnoke last-week Major Cheatwood commanded a battalion of five or six companies.

the ground, mortally wounded, and Vanders He succeeded Major Sol.
Ins as commander of the battalion, anoke last week Major Cheatwood anded a battalion of five or six nies.

THEIR LIVES
IN ATTEMPTING RESCUE

(By Assuguated Press.)
TYORK, Feb. 22.—Two men were carried in anticipation of trouble. Was a remaining the succeeded Major Sol.
The succeeded Major Sol.
Camp standing over him with a smoking Camp standing over him with a smoking Camp walked to Sistersville and gave himself to the authorities. He says Lowery reached for his hip pocket and he thought he intended to shoot him. There has been bad blood between the two for several years, growing out of political differences, and it was generally understood that both men were always armed in anticipation of trouble. Was armed in anticipation of trouble. Van-Camp's pupils are charged with aggra-vuting the feeling between the two by carrying tales,

Lowery was county superintendent of schools eight years ago, and the trouble ending in to-day's tragedy dates back to that time.

William W. Pulliam.

Mr. William W. Pulliam, of No. 1418
West Cary S. reet, died at his residence
of about two weeks.
Disceased leaves a mother, brother, Mr.
T. Pulliam, and sister, Mrs. Maggio
Jenkins. He was unmarried.
The funeral artangements have not
yot been made.

DEATHS.

PULLIAM.—Died. at 1 o'clock this morning at his residence. No. 1818 West Cary Street, WILLIAM W. FU. L. AM, in this thirty-n nth year of his age, Funoral notice later.

Over 3.000 people died of pneumonia in Chicago last year. In every case the dis-case resulted from a cold. Had the cold been promptly and properly treated at he outset almost every one would have recovered. This statement is abundantly

recovered. This statement is abundantly groven by the face, that among an east of thousands throughout this country who use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to cure their colds, no case of pneumonilhas ever been reported, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of pneumonia. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has gained its wide reputation and enormous sale by the prompt and effectual cures of colds, and can always be depended upon. For sale by all drugg'sts.

State. It is dominated and controlled by the milliont wing of the party.

MAJOR CHEATWOOD ILL,

Republican in West

Virginia.

Major Luther L Cheatwood, command does of the moon of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues Hattalion, who went to Roanoka with that command last week, is confined to his home by reason of lilness. He had a sovere cold, and it is now reared that the has pneumonis. Many of those who made the night trip to the mountain clip mate came back suffering more or less from colds, but Major Cheatwood's considilion is reported as more serious, The dillocating reported as more serious, The dillocating reported as more serious, The soon after the morning session com-